



Chlorine sensor

- Sensor "Trace" with three electrodes for measuring the free chlorine at low concentrations
- Sensor with three electrodes and greatly reduced pH dependency for measuring the free chlorine
- Sensor with two electrodes for measuring the free chlorine for standard applications at a constant pH value
- Sensor with three electrodes and greatly reduced pH dependency for measuring the total chlorine



Product variants described in the data sheet may differ from the product presentation and description.

Can be combined with



Type 8619

multiCELL - multi-channel/ multi-function transmitter/ controller



Type 8200

Armatures for analysis sensors

Type description

The Type 8232 from Bürkert is an electrochemical sensor for measuring the free or total chlorine content of an inorganic source (chlorine gas, sodium hypochlorite solution, ...).

The sensor is available in four variants:

- The "Trace" sensor (zero chlorine) equipped with three electrodes is suitable for measuring very low concentrations of free chlorine. The diaphragm of this sensor is protected against biofouling and can therefore work for up to four weeks in water without chlorine. It has a voltage output on a 5-pin M12 male connector.
- The sensor with three electrodes for free chlorine offers greatly reduced pH dependency. The sensor has a current output on a 5-pin M12 male connector and is designed for applications in swimming pool, drinking or sea water. The liquid must contain a minimum chlorine concentration (≥ 0.1 ppm).
- The sensor with two electrodes for free chlorine delivers a current output on a 5-pin M12 male connector. This sensor is designed for use with swimming pool, drinking or process water. The fluid being measured must not contain any cleaning agents (e.g. surfactants) or abrasive particles. The pH value must be kept at a constant level. The fluid must contain a minimum chlorine concentration (≥ 0.1
- The sensor with three electrodes for total chlorine offers greatly reduced pH dependency. The sensor has a current output on a 5-pin M12 male connector and is suitable for applications in swimming pools, drinking or sea water, and brine. It measures total chlorine = free chlorine + combined chlorine.



Table of contents

1.	Gene	eral technical data	3
_			_
2.		rovals and conformities	
	2.1.	General notes	
	2.2.	Conformity	
	2.3.	Standards	7
3.	Mate	erials	7
	3.1.	Bürkert resistApp	7
	3.2.	Material specifications	8
		Free chlorine sensor "Trace" (zero-chlorine) with membrane cap M48.2	8
		Free chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes with membrane cap M48.4	8
		Free chlorine sensor with 2 electrodes with membrane cap M20.2	9
		Total chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes with membrane cap M48.4	9
4.	Dime	ensions	10
5.	Perf	ormance specifications	10
	5.1.	Free chlorine sensor "Trace" (zero-chlorine) with membrane cap M48.2	
		Slope versus pH	
	5.2.	Free chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes with membrane cap M48.4	
		Slope versus pH	
		Slope versus flow rate	
	5.3.	Free chlorine sensor with 2 electrodes with membrane cap M20.2	
		Slope versus pH	
	- 4	Slope versus flow rate	
	5.4.	Total chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes with membrane cap M48.4	
		Slope versus pH	
		Slope versus flow rate	13
6.	Prod	luct installation	14
	6.1.	Installation notes	14
7.	Prod	luct operation	14
	7.1.	Measuring principle	
•	Duad	hist design and accombly	14
о.		luct design and assembly	14
	8.1.	Product features	14
9.	Netv	vorking and combination with other Bürkert products	15
10	Orde	ering information	15
	10.1.	Bürkert eShop	
	10.1.	Recommendation regarding product selection	
	10.2.	Bürkert product filter	
	10.4.	Ordering chart	
	10.5.	Ordering chart accessories	



1. General technical data

Note:

The chlorine sensor Type 8232 is available in 4 models.

Sensor model	Free chlorine sensor "Trace" (zero-chlorine)	Free chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes	Free chlorine sensor with 2 electrodes	Total chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes
			2)	
Product properties				
Material				
Further information on the materials can be found in chapter	"Free chlorine sensor "Trace" (zero-chlorine) with membrane cap M48.2" on page 8.	"Free chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes with membrane cap M48.4" on page 8.	"Free chlorine sensor with 2 electrodes with membrane cap M20.2" on page 9.	"Total chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes with membrane cap M48.4" on page 9.
Non wetted parts				
Ring	PETP	PETP	PETP	PETP
Fixed connector	PA	PA	PA	PA
Wetted parts				
Sensor armature	PVC-U	PVC-U	PVC-U	PVC-U
Electrode holder	PEEK	PEEK	PEEK	PEEK
Electrode	Stainless steel 1.4571, silver/Silver Halide, gold	Stainless steel 1.4571, silver/Silver Halide, gold	Silver/Silver Halide, gold	Stainless steel 1.4571, silver/Silver Halide, gold
Membrane	Microporous hydrophilic	Microporous hydrophilic	Semi permeable hydro- phobic	Microporous hydrophilic
Seal	NBR	NBR	NBR	NBR
Others	PVC-U, stainless steel 1.4571, PEEK	PVC-U, stainless steel 1.4571	PVC-U, ABS	PVC-U, stainless steel 1.4571
Application	For monitoring the absence of chlorine in water (up to 4 weeks) with drinking water quality (zero-chlorine, e. g. reverse osmosis)	For monitoring free chlorine at fluctuating pH in eg. drinking water	For monitoring free chlorine at constant pH in eg. swimming pool	For monitoring total chlorine at fluctuating pH in eg. swimming pool, drinking water, sea water, brine (15 % NaCl)
Compatibility		00 variant analytical measurir found in the data sheet of the	ng chamber e armatures for analytical pro	be, see data sheet
Dimensions	Further information can be	found in chapter "4. Dimensi	ons" on page 10.	
Weight	Approx. 125 g			
Measuring principle	Membrane covered, amperometric potentio- static 3-electrode system with electronic inside (completely galvanically isolated, digital internal data processing)	Membrane covered, amperometric potentio- static 3 electrodes system with electronic inside	Membrane covered, amperometric 2 elec- trodes system with electronic inside	Membrane covered, amperometric potentio- static 3 electrodes system with electronic inside
Temperature compensation	Automatic (integrated temp Sudden temperature chang			
Measured quantity	Free chlorine	Free chlorine, reduced pH dependency	Free chlorine, pH-dependent	Total chlorine (= free chlorine + bound chlorine) reduced pH dependency
Electrolyte	EMST1 gel	ECS2.1 gel	ECL1 gel	ECP1.4 gel
Measuring range	0.0052 ppm	0.0520 ppm	0.0520 ppm	• 0.055 ppm
				• 0.0520 ppm
Zero point adjustment	Not necessary	Not necessary	Not necessary	Not necessary

Visit product website > 3 | 16



Sensor model	Free chlorine sensor "Trace" (zero-chlorine)	Free chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes	Free chlorine sensor with 2 electrodes	Total chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes
Cross sensitivity/ Interference	 CIO₂, O₃ influence the signal strongly. High concentrations of bound chlorine can increase the measured value. Corrosion inhibitors, Stabilisers for water hardness can lead to measuring errors. Reducing agents can lead to a loss in slope. 	 CIO₂ (factor 0.75), O₃ (factor 0.8) influence the signal. High concentrations of bound chlorine can increase the measured value. Corrosion inhibitors, Stabilisers for water hardness can lead to measuring errors. 	 CIO₂ (factor 9), O₃ influence the signal. Electrolytically generated chlorine with a cell without membrane can disturb measurement. 	 CIO₂ (factor 1) O₃ (factor 1.3) Corrosion inhibitors, Stabilisers for water hardness can lead to measuring errors.
Maintenance ^{1.)}				
Control of the measur- ing signal	Min. once a week recommended	Min. once a week recommended	Min. once a week recommended	Min. once a week recommended
Change of the mem- brane cap	Once a year recom- mended	Once a year recom- mended	Once a year recom- mended	Once a year recom- mended
Change of the electro- lyte	Every 36 months recommended	Once a year recom- mended	Every 36 months recommended	Once a year recom- mended
Product accessories				
Membrane cap	M48.2 with intern holder (G-holder)	M48.4E (M48.4S for sea water on request)	M20.2	M48.4E (M48.4S for sea water or brine on request)
Chlorination agent	Inorganic chlorine compounds: NaOCI (sodium hypochlorite) Ca(OCI) ₂ Chlorine gas Electrolytically generated chlorine	Inorganic chlorine compounds: NaOCI (sodium hypochlorite) Ca(OCI) ₂ Chlorine gas Electrolytically generated chlorine	Inorganic chlorine compounds: NaOCI (sodium hypochlorite) Ca(OCI) ₂ Chlorine gas Chlorine electrolysis with membrane cell (unsuitable: chlorine electrolysis without membrane cell)	Inorganic chlorine compounds: • NaOCI (sodium hypochlorite) • Ca(OCI) ₂ • Chlorine gas • Electrolytically generated chlorine
Suitable transmitter	Type 8619 ▶ Transmitter/C	Controller multiCELL 2.) or any	transmitter with appropriate i	nput
Further accessory	Photometer MD100	 Photometer MD100 	 Photometer MD100 	Photometer MD100
	DPD-1 reagentExternal calibration	 DPD-1 reagent 	 DPD-1 reagent 	DPD-4 reagentDPD-1 + DPD-3

Performance data				
Sensor resolution	0.001 ppm	0.01 ppm	0.01 ppm	0.01 ppm
Run-in time	After first start-up and maintenance operations approx. 2 hours	After first start-up and maintenance operations approx. 2 hours	After first start-up and maintenance operations approx. 1 hour	After first start-up and maintenance operations approx. 2 hours
Response time (t90%)	Approx. 120 s	Approx. 120 s	Approx. 30 s	Approx. 3 min. (brine approx. 5 min.)
Sensor reactivity loss	After max. 4 weeks use in chlorine-free water	After max. 24 hours use in chlorine-free water	After max. 24 hours use in chlorine-free water	After max. 24 hours use in chlorine-free water

Visit product website

4 | 16



Sensor model	Free chlorine sensor "Trace" (zero-chlorine)	Free chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes	Free chlorine sensor with 2 electrodes	Total chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes
Slope	-	between 65 % and 150 % of Recommendation to detern sensor: concentration to be Example: concentration to be	can vary depending on prod the nominal slope. ninate the suitable measuring measured x factor 1.5 = measured x factor 1.5 = 2 or with a measuring range of	grange or the suitable asuring range of the sensor 2.4
Calibration	 Generate a stable chlorine concentration in the measuring water, use DPD-1 method If no chlorine in the measuring water is allowed, use an external calibration equipment and the DPD-1 method. Further information can be found in chapter "10.5. Ordering chart accessories" onpage 16 	By the analytical determination DPD-1 method (Reference value)	By the analytical determi- nation DPD-1 method (Reference value)	By analytical determination, DPD-4-or (DPD-1 + DPD-3) methods
Drift	Approx 3 % per month, in reference conditions (25 °C, pH 7.2 in drinking water)	Approx1% per month, in reference conditions (25 °C, pH 7.2 in drinking water)	Approx1% per month, in reference conditions (25 °C, pH 7.2 in drinking water)	Approx1% per month, in reference conditions (25 °C, pH 7.2 in drinking water)
Electrical data		·		
Operating voltage	 930 V DC, filtered and regulated (otherwise the probe may be damaged) The power supply is galvanically isolated inside of the sensor. 	 1230 V DC, filtered and regulated, R_L: 50900 Ω (e.g. through the 8619 multiCELL Transmitter/ Controller) Not galvanically isolated inside of the sensor 	 1230 V DC, filtered and regulated, R_L: 50900 Ω (e.g. through the 8619 multiCELL Transmitter/ Controller) Not galvanically isolated inside of the sensor 	 1230 V DC, filtered and regulated, R_L: 50900 Ω (e.g. through the 8619 multiCELL Transmitter/ Controller) Not galvanically isolated inside of the sensor
Current consumption	Approx. 5620 mA	Approx. 4 mA (max. current by overloading: 30 mA)	Approx. 4 mA (max. current by overloading: 30 mA)	Approx. 4 mA (max. current by overloading: 30 mA)
Output	Voltage (4-wire): • Analog signal • 02000 mV (max. 2500 mV) • Galvanically insulated, that means potential-free • Output resistance: 1 kΩ	 Current (2-wire): Analog signal 420 mA (uncalibrated, at pH 7.2 nominal slope 0.8 mA/ppm) Not galvanically insulated ^{3.)} Max. loop impedance (valid with Type 8619 multiCELL ^{2.)}): 50 Ω at 12 V DC, 900 Ω at 30 V DC 	 Current (2-wire): Analog signal 420 mA (uncalibrated, at pH 7.2 nominal slope 0.8 mA/ppm) Not galvanically insulated 3.) Max. loop impedance (valid with Type 8619 multiCELL 2): 50 Ω at 12 V DC, 900 Ω at 30 V DC 	 Current (2-wire): Analog signal 420 mA (uncalibrated, at pH 7.2 nominal slope 3.2 mA/ppm for variant 0.055 ppm or 0.8 mA/ppm for variant 0.0520 ppm) Not galvanically insulated 3.) Max. loop impedance (valid with Type 8619 multiCELL-): 50 Ω at 12 V DC, 900 Ω at 30 V DC

Visit product website > 5 | 16



Free chlorine sensor "Trace" (zero-chlorine)	Free chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes	Free chlorine sensor with 2 electrodes	Total chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes
Water with similar characteristics to drinking water	 Drinking water, swimming pool water, sea water Surfactants are partially tolerated 	 Swimming pool water, drinking water, service water, process water Free of any surfactants With constant pH value 	 Drinking water, swimming pool water, sea water, brine (15 % NaCl) Surfactants are partially tolerated
1530 I/h mounted in analytical measurement chamber 8200, the measuring value depends on the flow rate (ensure constant flow rate)	1530 I/h mounted in analytical measurement chamber 8200, the measuring value depends on the flow rate (ensure constant flow rate) Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus flow rate" on page 11.	1530 I/h mounted in analytical measurement chamber 8200, the measuring value depends on the flow rate (ensure constant flow rate) Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus flow rate" on page 12.	1530 I/h mounted in analytical measurement chamber 8200, the measuring value depends on the flow rate (ensure constant flow rate) Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus flow rate" on page 13.
pH 6.5pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 10.	pH 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11.	found in chapter "Slope	pH 4pH 12, reduced dependence on pH value Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 13.
-	10 µS/cm50 mS/cm (sea water)	-	10 µS/cm200 mS/cm (brine water)
0+ 40 °C (+ 32+ 104 °F)	0+ 45 °C (+ 32+ 113 °F)	0+ 45 °C (+ 32+ 113 °F)	0+ 45 °C (+ 32+ 113 °F)
leasuring water. If the tempera	ture ranges given for the hold	der and the used sensor are o	different, use the most
Max. 0.5 bar (7.26 PSI), operation with or without retaining ring, no pressure drops and/or vibrations	 Max. 3.0 bar (43.53 PSI), operation with retaining ring, no pressure drops and/or vibrations Max. 0.5 bar (7.26 PSI), operation without retaining ring, no pressure drops and/or vibrations 	 Max. 1 bar (14.5 PSI), operation with retaining ring, no pressure drops and/or vibrations Max. 0.5 bar (7.26 PSI), operation without retaining ring, no pressure drops and/or vibrations 	 Max. 3.0 bar (43.53 PSI), operation with retaining ring, no pressure drops and/or vibrations Max. 0.5 bar (7.26 PSI), operation without retaining ring, no pressure drops and/or vibrations
	Water with similar characteristics to drinking water 1530 I/h mounted in analytical measurement chamber 8200, the measuring value depends on the flow rate (ensure constant flow rate) pH 6.5pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 10. - 0+40 °C (+32+104 °F) leasuring water. If the tempera	 Water with similar characteristics to drinking water 1530 I/h mounted in analytical measurement chamber 8200, the measuring value depends on the flow rate (ensure constant flow rate) 1530 I/h mounted in analytical measurement chamber 8200, the measuring value depends on the flow rate (ensure constant flow rate) PH 6.5pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 10. PH 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 10. PH 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PH 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PH 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PM 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PM 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PM 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PM 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PM 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PM 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PM 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PM 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PM 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PM 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. PM 4pH 9 Further information can be found in chapter "Slope versus pH" on page 11. 	Water with similar characteristics to drinking water - Drinking water, swimming pool water, sea water - Surfactants are partially tolerated - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - With constant pH value - Swimming pool water, drinking water, service water, process water - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Swimming pool water, drinking water, service water, process water - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Swimming pool water, drinking water, service water, process water - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Surfactants are partially tolerated - Swimming pool water, drinking water, service water, process water - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Surfactants are partially tolerated - Swimming pool water, drinking water, service water, process water - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Surfactants are partially tolerated - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Swimming pool water, drinking water, service water, process water - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Surfactants are partially - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Surfactants - With constant pH value - Swimming pool water, drinking water, service water, process water - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Surfactants - With constant pH value - Swimming pool water, sea water - Free of any surfactants - With constant pH value - Free of any surfactants - Free of any surfactants - Free of any surfactants - With ensating water (ensure constant flow rate) - Free of any surfactants - With ensating water densure on the flow rate (ensure consta

Process/Pipe connection & communication				
Process connection	cess connection With probe holder Type 8200, see data sheet Type 8200 .			
Electrical connection	5-pin M12 male connector 5-pin M12 male connector 5-pin M12 male connector 5-pin M12 male connector			
Approvals and conformities				
Directives				
CE directive	ective Further information on the CE directive can be found in chapter "2.3. Standards" on page 7.			

Visit product website

6 | 16



Sensor model	Free chlorine sensor "Trace" (zero-chlorine)	Free chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes	Free chlorine sensor with 2 electrodes	Total chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes	
Environment and instal	lation				
Ambient temperature	Membrane cap:in original packingused membrane c	at +5+131 °F) at +5+40 °C (+41+104 °C) unlimited time at +5+40 °C) aps cannot be stored °C (+41+95 °F), 1 year or 0	C (+ 41+ 104 °F)	ŕ	
	Transport: membrane cap, electrolyte, probe				
	+ 5+ 50 °C (+ 41+ 122 °F)	+ 5+ 55 °C (+ 41+ 131 °F)	+ 5+ 50 °C (+ 41+ 122 °F)	+ 5+ 50 °C (+ 41+ 122 °F)	
Relative air humidity	≤90%, without condensat	ion			
Height above sea level	Max. 2000 m				
Degree of protection acc.to IEC/EN 60529	IP65 with cable plug moun	ted and tightened			

- 1.) Depends on water quality. The values are recommendations for drinking water quality.
- 2.) Analogue signal input card required. The software version of the input board must be A.03.00 or higher. Otherwise contact your Bürkert sales office.
- 3.) A potential-free electrical connection is required as the chlorine sensor has no galvanic isolation.

2. Approvals and conformities

2.1. General notes

- The approvals and conformities listed below must be stated when making enquiries. This is the only way to ensure that the product complies with all required specifications.
- Not all available variants of the device can be supplied with the below mentioned approvals or conformities.

2.2. Conformity

In accordance with the Declaration of Conformity, the product is compliant with the EU Directives.

2.3. Standards

The applied standards which are used to demonstrate compliance with the EU Directives are listed in the EU-Type Examination Certificate and/or the EU Declaration of Conformity.

3. Materials

3.1. Bürkert resistApp



Bürkert resistApp - Chemical resistance chart

You want to ensure the reliability and durability of the materials in your individual application case? Verify your combination of media and materials on our website or in our resistApp.

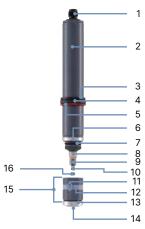
Start chemical resistance check

Visit product website ▶ 7 | 16



3.2. Material specifications

Free chlorine sensor "Trace" (zero-chlorine) with membrane cap M48.2



No.	Element	Material
1	5-pin M12 male connector	PA
2	Sensor armature	PVC-U
3	Retaining ring	PETP
4	Slide ring	PETP
5	Sealing (O-ring)	NBR
6	Counter electrode	Stainless steel 1.4571
7	Sealing (O-ring)	NBR
8	Electrode holder	PEEK
9	Reference electrode	Silver/Silver Halide
10	Working electrode	Gold
11	Vent (under hose ring)	Stainless steel 1.4571
12	Hose ring	-
13	Membrane holder	Stainless steel 1.4571, PEEK
14	Membrane	Microporous hydrophilic
15	Membrane cap	PVC-U
16	Intern holder (G-holder)	-

Free chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes with membrane cap M48.4

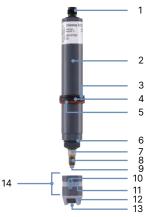


No.	Element	Material
1	5-pin M12 male connector	PA
2	Sensor armature	PVC-U
3	Retaining ring	PETP
4	Slide ring	PETP
5	Sealing (O-ring)	NBR
6	Counter electrode	Stainless steel 1.4571
7	Sealing (O-ring)	NBR
8	Electrode holder	PEEK
9	Reference electrode	Silver/Silver Halide
10	Working electrode	Gold
11	Vent (under hose ring)	-
12	Hose ring	_
13	Membrane holder	Stainless steel 1.4571 for membrane cap M48.4E
		PEEK for membrane cap M48.4S (sea water quality)
14	Membrane	Microporous hydrophilic
15	Membrane cap	PVC-U

Visit product website > 8 | 16



Free chlorine sensor with 2 electrodes with membrane cap M20.2



No.	Element	Material
1	5-pin M12 male connector	PA
2	Sensor armature	PVC-U
3	Retaining ring	PETP
4	Slide ring	PETP
5	Sealing (O-ring)	NBR
6	Sealing (O-ring)	NBR
7	Electrode holder	PEEK
8	Reference electrode	Silver/Silver Halide
9	Working electrode	Gold
10	Vent (under hose ring)	_
11	Hose ring	_
12	Membrane protection	ABS
13	Membrane	Semi permeable hydrophobic
14	Membrane cap	PVC-U

Total chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes with membrane cap M48.4



No.	Element	Material
1	5-pin M12 male connector	PA
2	Sensor armature	PVC-U
3	Retaining ring	PETP
4	Slide ring	PETP
5	Sealing (O-ring)	NBR
6	Counter electrode	Stainless steel 1.4571
7	Sealing (O-ring)	NBR
8	Electrode holder	PEEK
9	Reference electrode	Silver/Silver Halide
10	Working electrode	Gold
11	Vent (under hose ring)	-
12	Hose ring	-
13	Membrane holder	Stainless steel 1.4571 for standard membrane cap M48.4E
		PEEK for membrane cap M48.4S (sea water quality)
14	Membrane	Microporous hydrophilic
15	Membrane cap	PVC-U

Visit product website

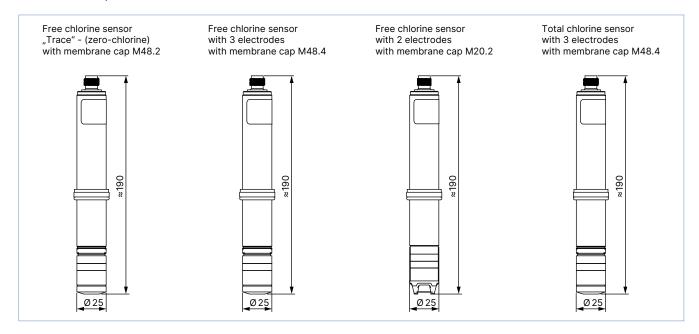
9 | 16



4. Dimensions

Note:

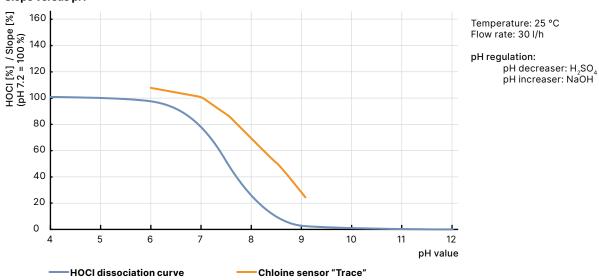
Dimensions in mm, unless otherwise stated



5. Performance specifications

5.1. Free chlorine sensor "Trace" (zero-chlorine) with membrane cap M48.2





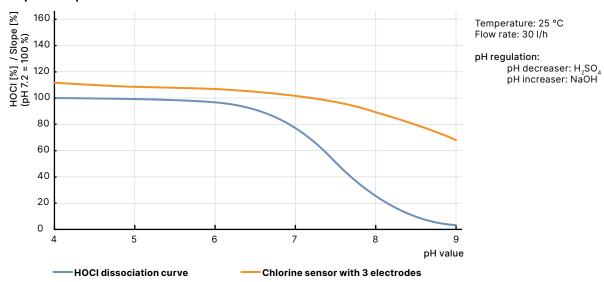
Visit product website

10 | 16

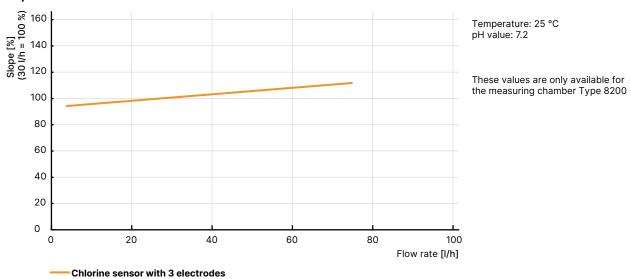


5.2. Free chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes with membrane cap M48.4

Slope versus pH



Slope versus flow rate



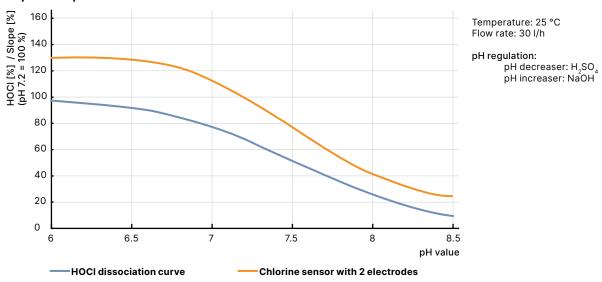
Visit product website

11 | 16

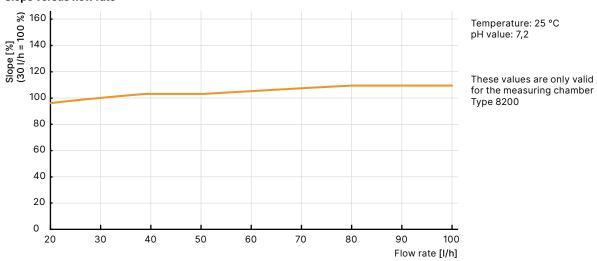


5.3. Free chlorine sensor with 2 electrodes with membrane cap M20.2

Slope versus pH



Slope versus flow rate

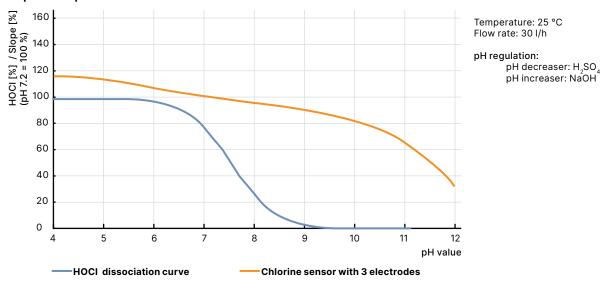


Chlorine sensor with 2 electrodes

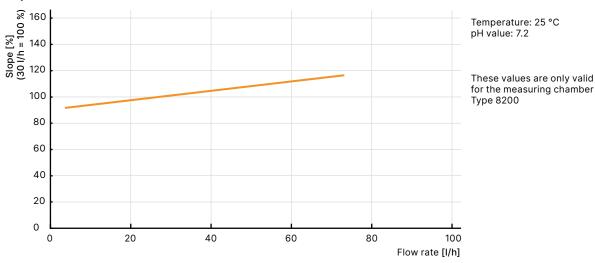


5.4. Total chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes with membrane cap M48.4

Slope versus pH



Slope versus flow rate



Chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes



6. Product installation

6.1. Installation notes

Measuring chamber

Description

The requirements for maintaining and monitoring a constant flow rate of the analysed water, necessitate the use of an appropriate measuring chamber. Thus the sensor Type 8232 has to be installed in the analytical measuring chamber Type 8200. Otherwise the liability for a proper function of the sensor will be declined.

See data sheet Type 8200 ▶ for more information.

This analytical measurement chamber has to be installed so that the inserted chlorine sensor is in an upright position, and so that the incoming flow rate comes from the bottom up to the membrane.

Gas bubbles at the membrane leads to incorrect measuring signals.

For continuous flow monitoring, an inductive flow switch is available optionally, to be mounted in the analytical measurement chamber Type 8200.

Do not install the sensor in the main pipe. Measure only in bypass with use of the analytical measuring chamber Type 8200.

7. Product operation

7.1. Measuring principle

Depending on the variant, the 8232 Sensor measures either the free chlorine or the total chlorine content. Total chlorine is the sum of free chlorine (disinfectant chlorine) and bound chlorine (Concentration of chlorine combined with organic and inorganic nitrogen compounds present in the water).

The chlorine sensor is a two or three-electrode measuring system (depends on variant) covered with a membrane. The membrane cap filled with a special electrolyte, protects the working and reference electrodes from direct contact with the measuring water. With this measuring method, ionic substances in the water are held back by the membrane, whereas the substance to be determined (disinfectant or chlorine) can pass through the membrane without restriction. The diffusion of the substance through the membrane ensures that the concentrations on both sides of the membrane are equal and causes an electrical signal on the working electrode.

The 2-electrode measuring system consists of a working electrode and a reference electrode, between which a certain voltage (polarization voltage) is applied. The 3-electrode measuring system consists of a working electrode, a reference electrode and a counter electrode. The measuring signal at the working electrode is proportional to the concentration of the disinfectant or to the chlorine concentration and is amplified by the electronics of the sensor. The measuring signal is independent from the temperature of the measuring water due to an integrated temperature compensation.

The calibration must be done on a transmitter/controller with a reference value. The transmitter Type 8619 multiCELL is suited and recommended, but any other suited transmitter can be also used.

See data sheet Type 8619 ▶ for more information.

8. Product design and assembly

8.1. Product features

Note:

The following table gives an overview of the features for sensor selection.

Feature details	Free chlorine sensor	Total chlorine sensor		
	"Trace" (zero-chlorine)	with 3 electrodes	with 2 electrodes	with 3 electrodes
Works in water without chlorine for up to 4 weeks	Yes	No	No	No
Galvanically isolated	Yes	No	No	No
Greatly reduced pH dependency	Yes 1.)	Yes	No	Yes
Surfactants are partially tolerated	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Temperature compensation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Zero-Point stability	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Membrane covered	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Two-wire device	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

^{1.)} Chlorine sensor "Trace" has a higher pH dependency compared to the chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes.

Visit product website ▶ 14 | 16



9. Networking and combination with other Bürkert products

Example:



10. Ordering information

10.1. Bürkert eShop



Bürkert eShop - Easy ordering and quick delivery

You want to find your desired Bürkert product or spare part quickly and order directly? Our online shop is available for you 24/7. Sign up and enjoy all the benefits.

Order online now

10.2. Recommendation regarding product selection

A complete chlorine measuring system consists of a chlorine sensor Type 8232, a female connector with cable, an analytical measurement chamber Type 8200, an electrolyte (the delivery includes one electrolyte bottle) and the multiCELL controller Type 8619 (analogue input board necessary. Software version of input board must be the version A.03.00 or higher. Otherwise contact your Bürkert sales office).

Three or four different components must be ordered in order to select a complete device. The following information is required:

- Article no. of the analytical measurement chamber Type 8200 (see chapter "10.5. Ordering chart accessories" on page 16 or data sheet Type 8200 ▶)
- Article no. of the desired chlorine sensor Type 8232 (see chapter "10.4. Ordering chart" on page 16)
- Article no. of the female connector (see chapter "10.5. Ordering chart accessories" on page 16)
- Article no. of the multiCELL transmitter/controller Type 8619 (see data sheet Type 8619)

10.3. Bürkert product filter



Bürkert product filter - Get quickly to the right product

You want to select products comfortably based on your technical requirements? Use the Bürkert product filter and find suitable articles for your application quickly and easily.

Try out our product filter

Visit product website ▶ 15 | 16



10.4. Ordering chart

Sensor	variant	Description	Measuring range [ppm]	Output	Electrical connection	Article no.
(1)	"Trace" (zero-chlorine) with 3 electrodes	Measures at very low chlorine concentrations	0.0052	02000 mV (max. 2500 mV)	M12 male connector, 5-pin	572928 ≒
OIL	With 3 electrodes	Measures the concentration of free chlorine with greatly reduced pH dependency	0.0520	420 mA		568523 ≒
11-1-1	With 2 electrodes	Measures the concentration of free chlorine	0.0520			568524 ≒
Olla	With 3 electrodes	Measures the concentration of total chlorine with greatly reduced pH dependency	0.055			569698 ≒
OIL	With 3 electrodes	Measures the concentration of total chlorine with greatly reduced pH dependency	0.0520			573799 ≒

	Further variants on request			
>	Additional Measurement parameter (chlorine dioxide, or others)	-=	Electrical connection Screw terminal	

10.5. Ordering chart accessories

Description	Article no.			
Measurement chamber with 1 slot (G 11/4" connection) for a chlorine sensor	569221 ≒			
Flow switch for analysis measurement chamber, PNP, 2 m cable (optional)	775261 🛱			
Photometer MD100, measuring range 0.016 ppm	566393 ≒			
DPD-1 reagent (100 tablets)	566394 ≒			
For free chlorine sensor "Trace" (zero-chlorine) with 3 electrodes (Article no. 572928 ⋈)				
Electrolyte EMST1 gel, 100 ml	566060 ≒			
Membrane cap M48.2 with inner holder (G-holder)	566057 ≒			
M12 female connector with moulded cable (shielded), 5-pin, straight, cable length: 2 m	438680 ≒			
For free chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes (Article no. 568523 ⋈)				
Electrolyte ECS2.1 gel, 100 ml	566059 ≒			
Membrane cap M48.4E for standard water quality	568557 ≒			
Membrane cap M48.4S for seawater quality	568558 ≒			
M12 female connector with moulded cable (shielded), 5-pin, straight, cable length: 2 m	438680 ≒			
For free chlorine sensor with 2 electrodes (Article no. 568524 🖫)				
Electrolyte ECL1, 100 ml	566058 ≒			
Membrane cap M20.2	566056 ≒			
M12 female connector with moulded cable (shielded), 5-pin, straight, cable length: 2 m	438680 ≒			
For total chlorine sensor with 3 electrodes (Article no. 569698 🛱 and 573799 🛱)				
Electrolyte ECP1.4 gel, 100 ml	569510 ≒			
Membrane cap M48.4E for standard water quality	568557 ≒			
Membrane cap M48.4S for sea water quality	568558 ≒			
M12 female connector with moulded cable (shielded), 5-pin, straight, cable length: 2 m	438680 ≒			

Visit product website

16 | 16