

INSTRUCTIONS OF ASSEMBLY AND MAINTENANCE GENERAL

This instruction manual contains important information regarding the installation, operation, maintenance and storage for rack and pinion pi carefully and save them for future reference. It is important that only properly trained personnel to disassemble or assemble the actuator

DESCRIPTION OF TYPE 2055

The Aluminum pneumatic actuator is a 90° double acting or spring rack and pinion system, which has been designed for the actuation of all type of 1/4 turn valves or 1/4 turn applications.

The special finish of the interior surface of the body (Ra 0,4 -0,6 µm Rogether with the use of antifriction pads manufactured in material of a very low coefficient of friction (LAT LUB), mounted in the pistons, prevent metal-metal contact. Bürkert actuato enjoy a long and maintenance free life.

ATEX Technical Parameter

-Applicable Zone: 1, 2 zone: 21, 22 zone -Maxingum surface temperature: T6 (85°C) -ATEX Ark: () II2 G Ex h IIC T6 Gb

Operating Media

-Clean, dry or lubricated compressed air -Light hydraulic oil -Inert and non-corrosive gas (to consult) The maximum particle size must not exceed 30µm.

Supply Pressure

Minimum:2 bar Maximum:10 bar (150 psi)

Operating Temperature

Standard (NBR O-ring): -40°C...+80°C High temperature (Viton O-ring): -20°C...+150°C Low temperature (Silicon O-ring): -60°C...+80°C

Caution: For low and high temperature service, special grease is required. High and low temperature will vary the output torque of the actuator.

LUBRICATION

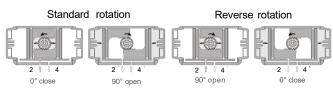
The actuator is supplied ready-lubricated, no further lubrication is required.

-Do not operate the actuator by using inflammable, oxidative and corrosive, explosive or instable gases.

-Operating the actuator beyond its stated maximum operating limits of pointed out temperature, pressure or recommend operating media, can cause personal safety risks involving death or injury, and or damage internal components as well as cause damage to actuator housing.

PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

Double acting actuator



Standard rotation:

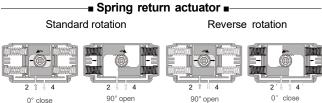
Air to port 2 forces the pistons outwards, causing the drive shaft to tum counterclockwise while the air is being exhausted from pot 4.

Air to port 4 forces the pistons inwards, causing the drive shaft to turn clockwise while the air is being exhausted from port 2.

Reverse rotation:

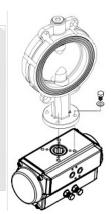
Air to port 2 forces the pistons outwards, causing the drive shaft to turn clockwise while the air is being exhausted from port 4.

Air to port 4 forces the pistons inwards, causing the drive shaft to turn counterclockwise while the air is being exhausted from port 2.



ASSEMBLY OF VALVE

Pneumatic actuators are fitted with a double square "star" pattern drive shaft and a mounting bolt pattern conforming to ISO Standards. This allows the actuator to be fitted to valves in increments of 90°, allowing mounting alignment either inline or across the line of the pipe work, enabling the most efficient use of space without the position affecting the actuators basic operation.



1. Fit the square of the valve directly into the square of the actuator. 2.Bolt together through the valve ISO pad.

Following should be noted prior to assembly to valves: -Determine the desired operation of the assembly, normally closed

valve NC, or normally open NO.

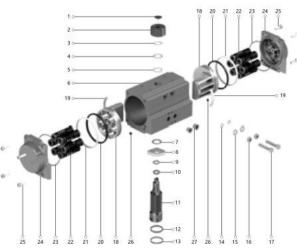
-Check the valve and actuator are in the same position (open or closed). -Check the correct positioning (alignment) of all the elements of the group, valve, connection piece, bracket and actuator.

-Assemble ensuring the mounting screws correctly distribute the effort in proportionally.

-Ensure all position indicators are correctly adjusted and show the correct position.

IMPORTANT: When using a spring return actuator for a fall safe operation, ensure that when air or electricity failure occurs the direction of rotation is correct for your application.

DISASSEMBLY OF THE ACTUATOR



0° close

Standard rotation:

Air to port 2 forces the pistons outwards, causing the springs to compress, the drive shaft turns counterclockwise while air is being exhausted from port 4. Loss of air pressure on port 4, the stored energy in the springs forces the pistons inwards. The drive shaft turns clockwise while air is being exhausted from port 2.

Reverse rotation:

Air to port 2 forces the pistons outwards, causing the springs to compress, the drive shaft turns clockwise while air is being exhausted from port 4. Loss of air pressure on port 2, the stored energy in the springs forces the pistons inwards. The drive shaft turns counterclockwise while air is being exhausted from port 2.

Assembling the actuator and reversing the position of the pistons can easily reverse the standard rotation.

No.	Description	Qty.	Material
1	Indicator screw	1	PA
2	Indicator	1	PA
3	Spring clip	1	SS304
4	Thrust washer	1	SS304
5	C Outside washer	1	POM
6	7Outside washer0Body	1	aluminum alloy ASTM6005
7	S Inside washer	1	POM
8	∞ Cam	1	45# steel
9	O-ring (Shaft top)	1	NBR
10	Bearing (Shaft top)	1	POM
11	.E Drive Shaft	1	20# steel
12	Bearing (Shaft bottom)	1	POM
13	D-ring (Shaft bottom)	1	NBR
14	O-ring (Adjust screw)	2	NBR
15	Sasket (Adjust screw)	2	SS304
16	. SNut (Adjust screw)	2	SS304
17	Adjust screw	2	SS304
18	v Piston	2	ADC12
19	D Piston 0 Guide (Piston) 0 O-ring (Piston)	2	POM
20	<u>a</u> O-ring (Piston)	2	NBR
21	P Bearing (Piston)	2	POM
22	Spring	0-12	Spring steel
23	O-ring (End cap)	2	NBR
24	End cap	2	ADC12
25	Cap screw	8	SS304
26	I Plug	2	NBR
27	C Dustproof plug	2	Plastic

1.Safely disconnect all electric power and supply lines connected to the actuator or accessories.

2.Disastemble all the accessories of the actuator (solenoid, limit switch box, etc) 3.Disastemble the actuator off the valve.

4.Remore indicator screw (1) if fit, Lift position indicator (2) off shaft, it may be necessary to pry gently with a screwdriver.

5.Unscrew the end cap screws (25).

Castion:When the actuator is a spring return unit, make

sure that the actuator is in the failed position

before disassembling.

6.Remove adjust screw (17) together with nut (16), gasket (15) and O-rings (14) 7.Remove the end caps (24)

8.To rotate the drive shaft (11) counterclockwise so that the pistons (18) will exit the body (6)

Caution:Air pressure should not be used to remove the pistons from body.

9.Remove the Spring clip (3) and the thrust washer (4) and outside washer (5)

10.Remove the drive shaft (11) cam (8), O-ring (9) and bearing (10) from the body of the actuator, with downward force to the top of drive shaft

11.Clean the components of the actuator perfectly

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

12.Inspect the components of the actuator for wear or damage and replace what is necessary

13.Replace

On the drive shaft: Spring clip (3), O-ring (9) and (13), outside washer (5), drive shaft bearing (10) and (12)

On the end caps: End cap O-ring (23)

On the pistons: O-ring (20) guides (19) bearing (21) All springs should be replaced during periodic maintenance.

MAINTENANCE IS RECOMMENDED TO BE CARRIED OUT

EACH 500,000 COMPLETE CYCLES.

RECOMMENDED REPLACEMENT PARTS

SPRING CLIP (3) OUTSIDE WASHER (5) O-RING (SHAFT TOP) (9) BEARING (SHAFT TOP) (10) BEARING (SHAFT BOTTOM)(12)

O-RING(SHAFT BOTTOM) (13) O-RING(ADJUST SCREW) (14) GUIDE (PISTON) (19) O-RING (PISTON) (20) BEARING (PISTON) (21) SPRING (22)

O-RING (END CAP) (23)

ASSEMBLY OF THE ACTUATOR

VERY IMPORTANT Before beginning the assembly check all the O-rings and gaskets that is compatible with buna or nitrile rubbers are properly housed in their lodgings, and all the components are greased correctly using a standard commercial grease.

1.Fit the drive shaft (11) in the body of the actuator (6) ensuring the Cam (8) is correctly fit during assembly. Ensure the driveshaft will rotate in counterclockwise when the adjust screws (17) are fitted.

2.Fit outside washer (5), (4) and Spring clip (3) to the top of drive shaft.

3.Fit the pistons (18) in the body (6) keeping in mind that both pistons should engage the gear of the drive shaft (11) at the same time.

4.For standard rotation assembly, Rotating the drive shaft (11) about 40...50° in a clockwise direction until the pistons are correctly retracted. Check that the pinion output end is square to the body and is in the correctly aligned.

Obtaining the correct gear tooth and piston alignment Could require more than one attempt.

5.Mount the end caps (24) to the body and tighten the screws (25) distributing the force evenly until the end cap is securely fixed. Caution should be taken not to "pinch "the O-rings during this assembly procedure. In spring return actuators, it will be necessary to insert the spring cartridges appropriately in their lodgings of the end caps according to the quantity of the springs you use (see detail).





8 Springs

10 Springs

12 Springs

6 Springs



7 Springs



9 Springs



11 Springs



ENDSTOP ADJUSTMENT -CLOCKWISE (Right Adjusting screw)

-Slacken the security nut (16) of the right-hand external stroke adjustment screw.

-Tighten or slacken the external adjust screw (17) until reaching the required position.

-Tighten the security nut (16) of the right-hand external stroke adjustment screw.

ENDSTOP ADJUSTMENT COUNTERCLOCKWISE (Left Adjusting screw)

-Slacken the security nut (16) of the left-hand external stroke adjustment Screw.

-Tighten or slacken the external adjust screw (17) until reaching the required position.

-Tighten the security nut (16) of the left-hand external stroke adjustment screw.

PRESSURE TEST

-Pressure test the actuator with 6 bar (90 psi) compressed air and inspect for leaks using a soap and water solution sprayed on to all joints and rotating shafts.

STORAGE

To store the pneumatic actuators the following precautions are recommended:

-Ensure the actuator is completely dry and water free. -Maintain the entrances of air passages by fitting the original or replacement plastic corks.

-Protect from dust, dirt and damage by packing in box or plastic bag.

ALL PNEUMATIC ACTUATORS HAVE BEEN 100% FACTORY TESTED IN OPERATION AND WATERTIGHTNESS AND THEY HAVE BEEN FITTED WITH INDIVIDUAL QUALITY CONTROL STAMPS.

IMPORTANT SAFETY WARNINGS

A.Before carrying out any repair or maintenance on the actuator, make sure that the pressure supply lines and electrical

connections have been safely isolated, removed or disconnect-

- ed by authorized personnel.
- The actuator must not be pressurized at any time during installation as injury maybe occurred.
- B.Never put any part of your body in the opening or port of the controlled valve or device.
- C.Special attention and precautions should be observed of the stored energy contained in the spring return pneumatic
- actuators. Do not disassemble individual spring cartridges. Personal injury maybe occurred when disassembly.
- D.Before installing onto a valve make sure that the rotation of the valve and the actuator are the same and that the position indicator orientation is also correct.
- E.Never forget that for the correct operation, a pneumatic actuator must be sized adequately and with sufficient safety margin of torque output for the correct operating conditions of the valve. * Only authorized and skilled personnel should perform maintenance of these actuators

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